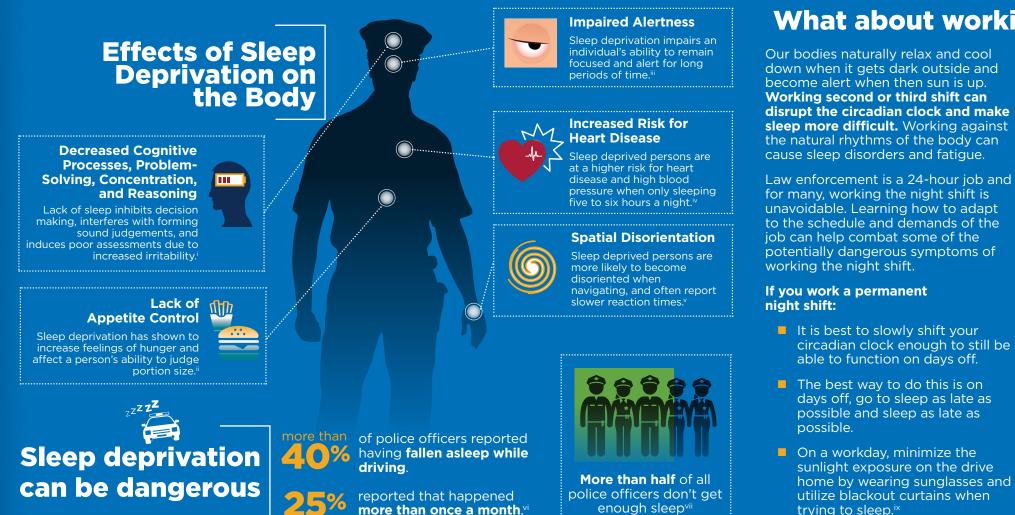
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Supporting Officer Safety Through Family Wellness: **The Effects of Sleep Deprivation**

While sleep deprivation is not exclusive to law enforcement, it is often amplified due to the unique stressors of the job and shift work. Sleep is essential to maintain and repair bodily functions and systems. Sleep, or lack of, has effects on all functions of the mind and body, which not only affects an officer's job, but also family wellness.





What about working the night shift?

- home by wearing sunglasses and trying to sleep.^{ix}

If you work rotating night shifts:

- The circadian clock can't shift fast enough to keep up with a rotation.
- The American Psychological Association recommends avoiding symptomatic relief: caffeine to stay awake at night and sedatives to sleep during the day. These methods can be dangerous and only temporarily disrupt vour circadian clock.^x



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Talk to your doctor about

law enforcement^{xii}

Law enforcement officers

are twice as likely to have

a sleep disorder as non-

sleep disorders.

The Effects of Sleep Deprivation, continued...

What can officers do?

Practice a healthy lifestyle.

- Maintain balanced eating habits
- Refrain from tobacco use
- Limit alcohol consumption
- Exercise regularly
- Have an annual physical



- Get seven to nine hours of sleep every night^{xi}
- Limit caffeine intake close to sleep time
- Minimize screen time before bed

How can family help?

60°-67°

Assist in making the sleeping space more comfortable and appealing.

- Black out curtains, minimal electronics, supportive pillows and mattress, and a comfortable temperature are all ways to help with sleep.
- Ideal temperature for a room to sleep in is 60°-67°F. xiii
- Suggested addition: minimize activity in the house when the officer is trying to sleep.

Encourage your partner to talk to a doctor about his/her sleeping habits, particularly if s/he snores frequently, has trouble falling asleep or staying asleep, or begins to show other health concerns. **Create a family bedtime ritual.** Calming and relaxing environments help decrease stress and anxiety making falling asleep and staying asleep easier.

 One hour before you go to sleep have a 'wind down' hour. Do calming activities such as reading or taking a relaxing bath or shower. This is the crucial time to avoid electronic screens that can increase restlessness.xiv

Get into a routine as much as possible. Eating on a regular

possible. Eating on a regular schedule and going to sleep and waking up on a regular schedule, no matter what the schedule is, all decrease the effects of sleep deprivation.

Communicate with family and friends to help distribute family responsibilities, such as sports practices, carpools, and grocery shopping.

Exercise regularly. Vigorous exercise can make it easier

can make it easier to fall asleep. Make it fun for the whole family. Think of creative family exercise opportunities like hiking, ice skating, dancing, and/or swimming.

- For more information about the Institute for Community-Police Relations, please visit: http://www.theiacp.org/ICPR.
- This publication is one in a series. For more family support resources please visit: http://www.theiacp.org/ICPRlawenforcementfamily

¹Rajaratnam, Shantha MW, Laura K. Barger, Steven W. Lockley, Steven A. Shea, Wei Wang, Christopher P. Landrigan, Conor S. O'Brien et al. "Sleep disorders, health, and safety in police officers." *Jama* 306, no. 23 (2011): 2567-2578.

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^{III} Rajaratnam, Shantha MW, Laura K. Barger, Steven W. Lockley, Steven A. Shea, Wei Wang, Christopher P. Landrigan, Conor S. O'Brien et al. "Sleep disorders, health, and safety in police officers." Jama 306, no. 23 (2011): 2567-2578.

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^{viii} Dawson, Drew, and Kathryn Reid. "Fatigue, alcohol and performance impairment." *Nature* 388, no. 6639 (1997): 235.

^{ix} http://www.apa.org/monitor/2011/01/night-work. aspx. American Psychological Association, 2011.

*http://www.apa.org/monitor/2011/01/night-work. aspx. American Psychological Association, 2011.

^{xi} National Sleep Foundation Memorandum released February 2015

^{xii} Pearsall, Beth. "Sleep disorders, work shifts and officer wellness." *National Institute of Justice Journal* 270 (2012): 36-39.

xiii https://sleep.org/articles/temperature-for-sleep/

*** https://sleepfoundation.org/sleep-tools-tips/ healthy-sleep-tips/page/0/1

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The IACP's Institute for Community Police Relations (ICPR) is designed to provide guidance and assistance to law enforcement agencies looking to enhance community trust, by focusing on culture, policies, and practices.

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